The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XXII. CHICAGO, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1868. NUMBER

POLITICAL.

Glorious Opening of the Campaign in the Northwest.

Speeches of General Palmer and Colonel Dougherty at Marion, Illinois.

Proceedings in the Several Southern Legislatures.

Opening of the Campaign in Southern Illinois—Grand Rally Convention in Marion, Williamson County—The Political Issues Ably Discussed by General Palmer and Colonel Dougherty—Speech of Gen. D. W. Munn.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MARION, Ill., July 23.

A glorious beginning was made to-day in this section of the State in the campaign. Prior to 10 o'clock the streets were filled with people assembling. The morning opened unfavorably, a heavy rainstorm prevailing up to 9 o'clock, when, however, the clouds broke away, and the thousands attending flocked into the town. Many visitors were received for speaking from various portions in this county, and from Jackson, Perry, Franklin, and Saline counties, were also on the ground. A fine banner was displayed in front of the Court-House, and had a most distinguished appearance. The inscription was as follows: "Let us have peace." Over the door of the Court-House was a large portrait of Seymour and Blair, and over it the inscription, "Our next President and Vice-President." Over the door of the Court-House was a large portrait of Seymour and Blair, and over it the inscription, "Our next President and Vice-President." Over the door of the Court-House was a large portrait of Seymour and Blair, and over it the inscription, "Our next President and Vice-President."

The Democratic Club of this city will have a grand parade and ratification on the 1st of August, in connection with the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee, and the meeting of the British West Indians. A large number of visitors are expected, and the installation of our State Central Committee, and will give us several speeches during the campaign.

The Philadelphia District Attorney-ship—An Exciting Contest Anticipated.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 23.

GEN.: Interest has been felt in this city over the nomination of District Attorney in Philadelphia, as on this question the October election in this city will probably depend. The vote of the city will be very potential in the State. The Republicans have nominated, as their candidate, Mr. Furman Sheppard, a gentleman of character, ability, and high standing. The candidate of the municipal ring, which has controlled the city for three years past, and has the formidable name of Peter McCall Ellmaker, is a man who has been enough to cover the city, Mr. Sheppard, consisting of a well-known lawyer, but his name is associated with difficulty connected one of the children from home and was found dead.

Weather warm again to-day—90 degrees in the shade.

The Equal Rights Association have called a meeting to-night to hear Frank Lee in Washington-square, the proper, for the promotion and extension of suffrage to women.

Grant Clubs Forming in Stark County, Ohio.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CANTON, O., July 23.

The Central Grant Club, in this county, organized last evening. Harter's Hall was full to overflowing, and at 9 o'clock the meeting was called to order. Several names were enrolled. General C. T. Anderson was appointed Chairman. The following Vice-Presidents and Secretaries of the organization was effected. The township of the county will be organized at once, and Stark will be fully represented in the Grant column.

Workingmen's Convention at Rosario, Ohio.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CLEVELAND, July 23.

The Workingmen's Convention for the Third Congressional District was held in Newton Falls to-day. Judge Ranney, of Ravenna, was unanimously nominated for Congress.

The Democratic Convention for the same district of the Thirteenth District would not suppose that it would be necessary to do more than to put to some true exponent of the principles of the party, but that it should stand up for the principles of the party, and that it should not be a mere form or dividing the time between eight hours for work and eight hours for sleep, and eight hours for recreation, but that it should be to convene as practicable; that the public lands should be sold to actual settlers in limited quantities, and protected against speculators; that the public debt should be paid as rapidly as practicable; that the public lands should be taxed, and that the wealth of the country should bear its proportion of the burden of taxation for the public burdens; in favor of the protection of our native-born citizens, and of our adopted citizens, against foreign aggression, and that we are in favor of any measure of public confidence.

The Convention was large and spirited.

The Campaign in Iowa—Republican Clubs Forming, and Meetings Being Held Throughout the State.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

OMAHA, July 23.

The political campaign in Iowa is opening early. In every portion of the State Grant and Colfax clubs are being organized, rallies are being held, and the fight opened generally. We anticipate a rousing time in Iowa, and that the Republican majority and 10,000 votes for next October will be largely increased.

There are over one hundred colored men in this city who have come here from Southern States lately. They are organizing a battalion of Black Republicans, to be ready for duty in the presidential campaign. Negro suffrage is one of the principal issues of the campaign. The Democratic party is dead in this city and State, and will remain so for years to come.

The Democratic Convention held here to-day has been postponed for want of a quorum. The Democratic party is dead in this city and State, and will remain so for years to come.

A number of prominent Democrats left here to-day for Chicago, to attend the Democratic Convention.

Suffrage in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, July 23.—A number of industrial meetings are getting signatures to a petition to the Legislature, which is already nearly completed, to enfranchise the whites. A committee, composed of H. C. Brown, Gen. A. M. Lowry, D. G. Cooper, and others, left for Knoxville to-day to present a petition to the Legislature of that city. A petition to be presented to the Legislature for the enfranchisement of the white population now denied the right of suffrage.

KANSAS.

Fire in Leavenworth Damaging Storm—Scenes by Lightning.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 23.—A fire broke out this morning in the store of Mr. Cooper, destroying the entire block. Loss not known.

Kansas is suffering from the excessive heat of the past few days. The thermometer has ranged from 96 to 100 in the shade.

Mr. Furman Sheppard, a gentleman of character, ability, and high standing. The candidate of the municipal ring, which has controlled the city for three years past, and has the formidable name of Peter McCall Ellmaker. In the Republican convention, Mr. Charles Gilpin, the nominee of the Democratic party, was defeated by 60 votes. Gilpin was badly beaten by the Democratic party, but he was the best lawyer and gained most in the city. The Democratic party is in a deplorable condition, and has to bring out the utmost strength of both parties. Negro suffrage has been thrown into the canvass. Gilpin has been from universal suffrage. Negro suffrage will be resisted at the various wards of the Democratic City Company.

NEW YORK.

Personal—Mormons En Route to Utah —Steamboat Accident—Accidental Shooting—Railroad Consolidation Project Killed.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Hon. H. G. Worthington, Mormon delegate to Congress, with his family, sailed to-day on the steamer Merrimac.

A company of Mormons left Liverpool, July 4, for Philadelphia, left last evening for Salt Lake. The company consists of 1,000 souls, and will be divided into 3 companies of 350 each.

The grand Sanpho sails next week for England, and will probably join in the great international regatta in the English Channel in August.

The steamer Seawanhaka, Capt. Catskill, ran with great force on a sunken pier at the foot of Twenty-ninth street, E. R., this morning, breaking her shaft, crushing the wheel house and starting a large hole in the bow. No lives lost.

Little Carvil, a young woman residing on Monroe street, died to-day from having been accidentally shot yesterday by a policeman.

The Connecticut freighter of the line killed the keeper for the consolidation of the New York & New Haven, Hartford & New Haven, and New Haven & New London Railroads.

Captain Andrew J. Bloodgood, of the the steamer Seth Low, has been held for trial by Coroner Flynn in the case of death of Mr. Cheney, criminal negligence in the case of the recent disaster in the North River.

THE SOUTH.

Impeding Funeral at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 22.—W. E. Hopkins, Tax Receiver, who was killed by Isaac Campbell the night of the 21st, was buried this afternoon. Almost Twenty white persons were present. There has been no disturbance so far.

Meeting of Richmond Ex-Policemen—The State Educational Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., July 23.—A meeting of ex-policemen was held to-night. A resolution was adopted to petition Governor Wells to reinstate the force.

Governor Wells and others addressed them.

The State Educational Convention, now in session here, was addressed to-night by Dr. Scott, of Virginia, on education.

Teacher Swindling Gift Enterprise.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PARIS, Ill., July 23.

The Turnbull gift enterprise, in which there was a seventy-five thousand dollar hotel, has, like most all other swindling institutions, turned out to be a great outrageous swindle. The end of the 3d, was set for the drawing, but as it is all a swindle, there will be no drawing take place. The officials as well as the boarders are beginning to express their indignation toward the

Abscondet.

RICHMOND, July 23.—Lieutenant Wm. S. Mayo, of the Twenty-ninth Infantry, fled from Lynchburg, yesterday, with Miss Maud Lavens. Mayo is married. Despatches have been sent to all the military departments to effect his arrest.

Sad Case of Drowning.

ATLANTIC CITY, Pa., July 22.—This afternoon, about 4 o'clock, Miss Lavens and Miss Annie Lavens were bathing in the surf, and ventured out too far. Before assistance could be rendered the unfortunate young ladies were both carried under. Their bodies have not been recovered.

Hydrophobia.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 23.—A little girl, while playing in the street, in front of a house, on Thursday last, was bitten by a dog. She died yesterday, exhibiting all the symptoms of hydrophobia.

Suicide of a Saddle Merchant.

BOSTON, July 23.—John Wilkinson, a leading saddle merchant, committed suicide at Hamilton, Canada, yesterday, by cutting his throat. Cause, financial embarrassment.

Vermont College.

HARDWICK, July 23.—The Semi-Centennial celebration of the Vermont College to-day was well attended. The literary exercises afforded much satisfaction.

EUROPE.

Proceedings in the British Parliament.

The Tariff Question in the French Legislature.

American Duties on French Productions Loudly Complained of.

The Harvest in England and on the Continent.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

Great Britain.

PROCEEDINGS IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, July 23—Midnight.

In the House of Lords this evening, Lord Stanley gave information concerning the rejected proposition of the Brazilian Government for the settlement of the Paraguayan war.

The Earl of Malmesbury inquired that Her Majesty's Government would take steps to withdraw from the Court, making the suggestion that the great powers unite in an agreement to abandon the use of explosive bullets in time of war. He added that his government had received assurances that Prussia and Austria concurred in the proposal, and that Russia and other powers were now being taken for the meeting of an International Military Commission at an early day, at St. Petersburg, to consider the question and settle the details of a definite agreement.

In the House of Commons, to-night, the bill providing for the payment of all the telegraph lines in the United Kingdom by the government was passed.

TELEGRAPH RATES.

The great wound vexatious matter came before the House of Commons to-day, in the form of a question by Mr. Watkins, whether the government would not reduce the rates for telegraphic messages. Mr. Gladstone replied that the government would be glad to do so if they could afford it, but the receipts from the telegraphs were not sufficient to meet the expenses of working the lines, and the government could not undertake to reduce the rates without increasing the taxation of the country.

HARVEST REPORTS.

Reports of the harvest from all parts of the country, show that the yield of the grain crops will be quite equal to an average.

Harvest reports from Russia are unfavorable; the grain crops in the northern and middle districts of the empire have turned out badly, the yield being unusually small and poor.

France.

THE TARIFF QUESTION IN THE CORPS LEGISLATIF.

PARIS, July 23.

In the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, while the Metayer bill was under consideration, a proposition was made, by way of amendment to the bill, to reduce the duties which were formerly imposed on all American tobacco products imported into France. The proposition gave rise to a lively debate. It was supported on the ground that the restoration of duties on cimports would enable America to reduce the enormous high tariff now imposed by the United States on articles of French production. The measure, however, was strongly opposed by the Free Trade members of the Chamber. M. Ossone, a member of the Imperial Council and Director of Foreign Commerce, explained the views of the government. He said that they had closely watched the commercial movements of the country from time to time in the Tariff law of the United States, and they regretfully lamented that such heavy burdens had been imposed on such productions, but they were not disposed to assign a system of retaliation, unless could only result in an injury to the commercial interests of both countries.

After further debate the amendment was rejected.

SENTENCE FOR LIBEL.

PARIS, July 23.

The proprietor of the *International Weekly*, a journal published in London, has just been tried before one of the courts of this city for libel, and sentenced to a fine of 1,500 francs and four months' imprisonment.

BOSTON.

The Cricket Match Game—The Recently Discovered Human Skeleton.

BOSTON, July 23.—The cricket match between the Boston Club and the New York and Brooklyn Club, was concluded yesterday, the 21st. George's Club, of Hoboken, was to have been on the ground to-day, but failed to put in an appearance.

It is now stated that the skeleton recently discovered in Kingston, Mass., was half a mile from the nearest house, and was probably that of a man supposed to have belonged to a tailor named Jones, who disappeared about 20 years ago, some time before the birth of Hosea Andrews.

Boston.

BOSTON, July 23.—The informal reception of Chas. Francis Adams by the citizens of Boston, at Agricultural Hall, was attended by an immense crowd of leading business men, and by several ladies. Wm. Gray made the address of welcome, to which Mr. Adams appropriately replied.

MICHIGAN.

Encouraging Crop Prospects—Excursion to the state at Detroit.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, July 23.

The grain crops in the State have never been finer, and advices from all parts report an enormous harvest. The dry weather is said, however, to have infariously affected the potato rick. Corn crop has been to-day visited by a party of gentlemen, principally newspaper editors, of the Detroit, Lansing, and Milford Offices, connected with the Cincinnati, Hamilton, & Dayton, and Cincinnati, Sandusky & Cleveland Roads, which, with the Detroit & Milwaukee Road, form a line to connect the Ohio River with the Lake.

PEDESTRIANISM.

Symons, the Walker, En Route to Chicago—His Arrival at and Departure from Janesville—He will Reach Chicago at Noon To-Day.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

JANESVILLE, Wis., July 23.

Symons, the pedestrian, who left this city at two p. m. to-day, and he to reach Chicago by noon to-morrow, arrived here at 6 o'clock. Among those who have just returned to the city, I learn that he was much fatigued. When he left here he was in good condition, and with the aid of a well-trained horse he passed through the city in good time. He will end his pilgrimage at the Briggs House.

Professional.

Catarrh, Asthma, THROAT, LUNG, AND HEART DISEASES

I. WINSLOW AYER, M.D.,

No. 100 Washington-st.

There is no disease which presents a greater diversity of symptoms—some more loathsome, insidious and dangerous, than Nasal Catarrh, especially if complicated, as it almost always is even from its first appearance, with an affection of the throat. From the earliest period of the disease, by reason of various early and distressing stages through which the disease passes, the patient by negligence or poverty, and rarely given to it proper attention, until the most alarming symptoms present themselves, declaring, unmistakably, the rapid advance of the malady to the PULMONARY ORGANS, or various forms of consumption. The presence of the disease is not always known, or even suspected, till it has reached a stage difficult, if not impossible to arrest. The disease may or may not be attended by a discharge from the nostrils or the throat; but there is usually present a morbid secretion and frequent dispositions (especially in the morning) to clear the throat, and the effort, to do so is often, though not always, attended by expectoration; there is a sensation of heaviness in the frontal part of the head, and the brain sometimes suffers to an extent producing headache, vertigo and confusion; if the disease be allowed to take its course, it becomes difficult to think clearly and to connect the mind; the memory becomes impaired and the intellect enfeebled; despondency of mind succeeds insanity or suicide. The nervous system. Such is the effect of the Catarrh, and if to this train of symptoms (which not unfrequently lead to insanity or suicide) there be added many of the most loathsome physical effects, as cories or rottenness of the bones of the face and head, a most offensive breath—the foul, foetid, corrupt, morbid and poisonous secretions, the destruction of sense, injury to the senses of smell, hearing, sight and taste, we have a catalogue of horrors which should make any person to make any person or make any person to make any person to make any person to

MEN WILL BANDAGE DOGS

Startling Statement from a Prominent Physician of Washington.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Dr. Johnson, who is a prominent physician of this city, and who has been a resident of Washington for the past twenty years, has made a startling statement to the effect that the people of this city are rapidly becoming insane. He says that the number of cases of insanity that have come under his observation during the past year is double that of any previous year in the history of the city. He attributes the increase to the fact that the people are living too fast, and that the present generation is not content to live as their fathers did before them. He says that the people are not satisfied with the ordinary necessities of life, but must have luxuries, and that the desire for luxuries is driving them crazy. He says that the people are not satisfied with the ordinary necessities of life, but must have luxuries, and that the desire for luxuries is driving them crazy.

ASHLEY JOHNSON'S TRIALS.

Two years for Andrew Johnson, while Ashley Johnson gets off with a fine.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The case of Ashley Johnson, charged with the murder of Andrew Johnson, was concluded this afternoon. The jury found the prisoner guilty of manslaughter in the first degree, and he was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Ashley Johnson, who is a brother of the murdered man, was fined $500 and costs.

EVANGELISTIC LABORS IN WASHINGTON.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Preaches to Crowded Houses.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Rev. Dr. Talmage, the well-known evangelist, preached to crowded houses in this city to-day. He is assisted by Mr. Sankey, the singer. The meetings will be held every day for a week.

A Terrible Case of Wounds.

Two Men Shot Down at the Corner of Main and Second Streets.

Yesterday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, a terrible shooting affray occurred at the corner of Main and Second streets, in which two men were shot down in cold blood. The names of the parties are Thomas Jones and Charles Smith. The former is a resident of this city, and the latter is a stranger. The shooting occurred in the following manner: Jones and Smith were walking down Main street, when they met a man named Johnson, who is a resident of this city. Johnson had a pistol in his hand, and he fired at Jones and Smith. Jones was shot in the leg, and Smith was shot in the arm. Both men fell to the ground, and Johnson ran away. The police are looking for him.

Another Cave-in at Minersville.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MINERSVILLE, July 30.—Another cave-in occurred at the mine of the Minersville Coal Company this morning. The cave-in was caused by the weight of the coal above it. The miners were all saved, but the mine is badly damaged. The company will have to close down for a few days.

Another Case of Poisoning.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Another case of poisoning has been reported to the police. The victim is a man named John Smith, who lives on Fifth avenue. He was found dead in his bed this morning. He had been poisoned by some unknown person. The police are investigating the case.

NEW YORK.

Typhoid and Scarlet Fever Epidemic in Brooklyn.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The Board of Health of Brooklyn has reported to the Board of Health of this city that there is a severe epidemic of typhoid and scarlet fever in that city. The Board of Health of this city has sent a physician to Brooklyn to investigate the matter.

THE CHOPS

Enormous Yield of Corn and Wheat.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The Chicago Board of Trade has received reports from all parts of the country that the crops of corn and wheat are enormous. The corn crop is estimated at 2,000,000,000 bushels, and the wheat crop at 500,000,000 bushels. The prices of both grains have fallen considerably.

SERMONS MORNING.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Preaches to Crowded Houses.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Rev. Dr. Talmage preached to crowded houses in this city to-day. His subject was "The Prodigal Son." He said that the prodigal son was a type of the sinner who has left his father's house and gone into the world. He said that the sinner is like the prodigal son, who has squandered his substance in riotous living. He said that the sinner is like the prodigal son, who has come to himself and returned to his father's house. He said that the sinner is like the prodigal son, who has been received with joy by his father.

HIGH SWIMMING OPERATION.

Turtle Expedition Now a Railroad Company Has Secured Control.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The Chicago Board of Trade has received reports from all parts of the country that the crops of corn and wheat are enormous. The corn crop is estimated at 2,000,000,000 bushels, and the wheat crop at 500,000,000 bushels. The prices of both grains have fallen considerably.

TO THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

Excursion to the Rocky Mountains.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The Chicago Board of Trade has received reports from all parts of the country that the crops of corn and wheat are enormous. The corn crop is estimated at 2,000,000,000 bushels, and the wheat crop at 500,000,000 bushels. The prices of both grains have fallen considerably.

LATEST MARKET NEWS.

Foreign Markets.

FRIDAY MORNING.

LIVERPOOL, July 19—12:30 p. m.

United States Bonds, 5s, ——.

Consols, Money, 94 1-16@94 3-16. Account, July 19—Evening, 94 1-16@94 3-16. U. S. 5-20s, 1865, old, ——. Erie, 41@41½. Illinois Central, ——.

Cotton heavy; uplands, 5¾d.; Orleans, 5¾d.; sales 10,000 bales.

Breadstuffs arrived in market unchanged.

LONDON, July 19—Evening.

Tallow, advanced to 40s. 6d. Turpentine, 29s. Petroleum declining; spirituous petroleum, 1s. 6d.

ANTWERP, July 19.

Petroleum, flat but nominal at 51½f.

New York Dry Goods Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 19.

The demand for woolens and linens are limited.

New York Live Stock Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 19.

Sheep—Receipts, 700; prices firm; sales of 14 lots, 1,000 head, at 4@5½c. Lambs, ——@——.

New York Provision Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 19.

Provisions—Pork closed quiet at 14.12½ for July; 14.25 for August; 14.37½ for September; 14.50 for October; 14.62½ for November; 14.75 for December. Lard—Steam, 9½c; kettle, 9¾@10c.

New York Woodenware Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 19.

Woodenware—Market steady; trade fair; prices unchanged.

New York Grocery Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 19.

Coffee—Rio, 15½@16½c. Sugar—Fair demand; prices firm; fair to good refining, 8½@9½c; refined, 10½@11½c. Molasses—Foreign, 30@35c; New Orleans, 45@60c. Rice—Firm; fair to good, 6½@7½c; prime to choice, 7¾@8c. Petroleum—Crude, 8c; refined, 15c. Tallow—Firm; prime, 9½@9¾c. Rosin—Firm; strained, common, 2.50@2.55. Turpentine—Firm, 30½@31c.

Pittsburg Oil Market.

PITTSBURGH, July 19.—The crude oil market continues dull and prices are nominal. Refined is held strong. Prices unchanged for July, 16½c; August, 16½c.

The Produce Markets.

MILWAUKEE.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, July 19.

FLOUR—Low grades and patents unchanged; sales 1,500 bbls.

WHEAT—Was firm, and No. 1 spring quiet; No. 2 spring closing Board—Sales 1,500 bu at $1.10@1.10 for No. 1 in store; $1.15 for No. 1 do. Noon Board—Sales 1,000 bu No. 1 spring at $1.10 for No. 1 in store; $1.15 for No. 1 do. Afternoon Board—Sales 1,000 bu No. 1 spring at $1.10 for No. 1 in store; $1.15 for No. 1 do. Closing Board—Sales 1,000 bu No. 1 spring at $1.10 for No. 1 in store; $1.15 for No. 1 do; $1.10 for No. 2 spring; $1.10 for No. 2 do; $1.10 for No. 3 spring; $1.10 for No. 3 do; $1.10 for No. 4 spring; $1.10 for No. 4 do; $1.10 for No. 5 spring; $1.10 for No.

WASHINGTON.

Proceedings in Congress Yesterday.

Supplementary Reconstruction Bills Passed in Both Houses.

The House Passes the Three per Cent Loan Bill.

Committee of Conference Appointed on the Funding Bill.

The Alaska Appropriation Bill Goes to the President.

The New Treaty with China Ratified by the Senate.

Appropriations Made by Congress During the Present Session.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, July 31.

THE NEW POSTAL LAW.

As reported from the Conference Committee it provides that on and after January 1, 1871, all unsealed matter (whether printed or written) of the first class, weighing three ounces or less for the return of which to the writer or sender a penny or more is collected, if not collected within thirty days; restores the fees on money orders; abolishes the compensation of Postmasters for the payment of money orders; allows weekly newspapers sent to regular subscribers in the county where published to be delivered free of postage from the Post Office nearest the place of publication; authorizes the issue of duplicate money orders for such as have been lost; and makes it felony to counterfeit money orders; authorizes the Postmaster General to appoint agents, with a salary of $1,500, on the line from San Francisco to Japan, and another, with the same salary, on the line from San Francisco to the same country, on the line from San Francisco to Honolulu; and authorizes the establishment of a reasonable compensation, a general postal agency at Shanghai, and a branch agency at Hong Kong. The bill also provides that the Postmaster General shall not be liable for delays in the government vaultsafes which may occur during the quarterly settlement of accounts; allows certified copies of papers in certain prosecutions; authorizes the Postmaster General to prescribe a uniform fee for letter carriers, and makes it a misdemeanor for any person to use or display a counterfeit postage stamp.

RECONSTRUCTION.

The Reconstruction bill drawn up by General Banks was introduced in the House this morning through by Mr. Bingham to-day. It gives the Constitutional Convention power to alter or abolish, prior to adoption a Provisional Government for that State, who shall appoint registrars and Judges of election; and prescribes the oath to be taken by voters and ordinances, which the military shall aid in executing. The convention of Virginia's and Mississippi's are to meet, and the qualifications of voters the bill are also applicable to those States. The Senate bill, carried through that body by Mr. Wilson, to the effect that the Senate bill, carried through that body by Mr. Wilson, to the effect that the Senate bill, carried through that body by Mr. Wilson, to the effect that the